Solcon Industries Ltd.

TPS

Thyristor Power System
8-1500A, 230-1000V

Instruction Manual

Ver. 04 April 2011

TPS Instruction Manual

1. **TABLE OF CONTENT**

2. SAFETY & WARNINGS

2.1 Safety

	1	Read this manual carefully before operating the equipment and follow its instructions.
	2	Installation, operation and maintenance should be in strict accordance with this manual, national codes and good practice.
	3	Installation or operation not performed in strict accordance with these instructions will void manufacturer warranty.
	4	Disconnect all power inputs before servicing the TPS and/or the load.
	5	After installation, check and verify that no parts (bolts, washers, etc) have fallen into the TPS.

2.2 Attention

	1	This product was designed for compliance with IEC 947-4-3 for class A equipment. TPS 1000V were also type tested to meet this standard.
	2	Use of the product in domestic environments may cause radio interference, in which case, the user may be required to employ additional mitigation methods.
	3	Utilization category is AC-51: 1,4 x Ie – 1 s, uninterrupted duty. For further information, see Technical Specification

2.3 Warnings

	1	Internal components and PCBs are at mains potential when the TPS is connected to mains. This voltage is extremely dangerous and will cause death or severe injury if contacted.
	2	When TPS is connected to mains, even if control voltage is disconnected, full voltage may appear on its output.
	3	The TPS must be grounded to ensure correct operation, safety and to prevent damage.
	4	Check that Power Factor capacitors are not connected to the output side of the soft TPS.
	5	Do not interchange line and load connections
	6	Phase Control Firing, may cause Radio interferences, in which case the user may be required to employ additional mitigation methods.

The company reserves the right to make any improvements or modifications to its products without prior notice.

3. TECHNICAL DATA

3.1 Introduction

Solcons' Thyristor based Power System (TPS) is a heavy duty fully digital, Zero-crossing, Phase Control or Phase Control-Power, three phase control power unit for all types of Resistive/Inductive loads (temperature control of heaters, etc.).
Providing a wide range 8-1500A, 230-1000V, 50/60Hz, it can be installed in a variety of heating systems.
Control of output voltage can be done by input signal of 0-10VDC, 4-20mA, 0-20mA, by a potentiometer (Optional) or via communication (Optional) for precision temperature control.
A special optional digital synchronization system enables load sharing and prevents excessive loading in multi controller applications.
Fully programmable with 9 protection functions, including "Load Unbalance" alarm to detect a faulty element, even in parallel connected element system and "Under power level" alarm to detect faulty element in case the system is designed to work unbalanced.
Two line, 16 character LCD display is used for the TPS programming, actual values, statistical & maintenance data.

Options:
- Potentiometer input for control. (Without the need for external power supply)
- Multi TPS synchronization system for load shedding
- RS-485 communication for TPS programming, remote data readings and controlling.
- Analogue output PCB (4-20mA, 0-20mA or 0-10V).

3.2 Rating, Frames sizes and Weights

TPS type up to 690VAC	Rated Current [A]	Dimensions WxHxD [mm]	Weight [Kg]
TPS 8	8	172x291x185	6.3
TPS 17	17	172x291x185	6.3
TPS 31	31	172x291x185	6.4
TPS 44	44	172x291x185	6.5
TPS 58	58	172x291x185	6.5
TPS 72	72	172x291x185	6.5
TPS 85	85	172x390x195	8.5
TPS 105	105	172x390x195	8.5
TPS 145	145	274x385x238	14.5
TPS 170	170	274x385x238	14.5
TPS 210	210	274x385x238	14.5
TPS 310	310	380x455x292	31
TPS 390	390	380x455x292	31
TPS 460	460	380x555x292	51
TPS 580	580	470x640x302	53
TPS 820	820	470x640x302	53
TPS 950	950	Consult factory	
TPS 1100	1100	Consult factory	
TPS 1500	1500	Consult factory	

TPS Model 1000VAC	Rated Current [A]	Dimensions WxHxD [mm]	Weight [Kg]
TPS 55	55	280x550x346	33.5
TPS 105	105	280x550x346	33.5
TPS 160	160	280x550x346	33.5
TPS 200	200	280x550x346	33.5

Please note that the company reserves the right to make any improvements or modifications to its products without prior notice!
Refer to section 5 page 15 for detailed dimensional drawings

3.3 TPS Selection

Select the TPS according to LOAD RATED CURRENT(FLA) - as indicated on its nameplate.

Note:
TPS withdrawn current by the load must not exceed TPS RATED CURRENT in each and every phase of the TPS!

3.4   Ordering Information

TPS	31-	400-	230-	230-	0-	S
	Full load Current	**Mains Voltage**	**Control Voltage**	**Control inputs Voltage**	**Options**	**Front Panel**

Full load Current	
Specify	**Description**
TPS - Rated Current [A] Models 400-690VAC	8, 17, 31, 44, 58, 72, 85, 105, 145, 170, 210, 310, 390, 460, 580, 820, 950, 1100, 1500
TPS - Rated Current [A] Models 1000VAC	55, 105, 160, 200

Mains Voltage	
Specify	**Description**
400	230 – 400 VAC, +10% -15%, 50/60Hz
480	480 VAC, +10% -15%, 50/60Hz
600	600 VAC, +10% -15%, 50/60Hz
690	690 VAC, +10% -15%, 50/60Hz
1000	1000 VAC, +10% -15%, 50/60Hz

Control Voltage	
Specify	**Description**
115	115 VAC, 50/60Hz, +10% -15%
230	230 VAC, 50/60Hz, +10% -15%
110 VDC, 24VDC	110 VDC[1]
Notes:	• [1] For DC control voltage or control inputs voltage - consult factory.

Control inputs voltage	
Specify	**Description**
115 **or** 230	90 – 230 VAC, 50/60Hz or 90 – 230 VDC
24	24VAC, 50/60Hz or 24VDC[1]
48	48VAC, 50/60Hz or 48VDC[1]
Notes:	• [1] For DC control voltage or control inputs voltage - consult factory.

Options	
Specify	**Description**
0	No options
3M	Communication RS-485 (MODBUS) [1]
5	Analogue card[3], [1]
8	Harsh environment treatment [1]
D	Remote panel mounting replacing the original panel. (Supplied with 1.5 m cable). [1], [2]
Sync.	Synchronization between up to 10 TPS units. [1]
P	Potentiometer control. (No need for external power source) [1]
Notes:	For more than one option indicate, for example: 8+5 (Harsh environment and analogue card) [1] Must be ordered in factory – can not be installed on site. [2] D option is available for TPS 145A and up. [3] Analog out optional PCB is available from TPS-145A and up.

Front Panel	
Specify	**Description**
S	Standard

Example:
TPS rated 820A, mains voltage - 230V, control voltage- 230VAC, control inputs- 48VDC Modbus communication card, Harsh environment treatment, Synchronized TPS and standard front panel: **TPS 820 - 230 – 230 - 48 - 3M+8+SYNC – S**

3.5 **Mains and control description**

Indication	Description	Remarks
L1, L2, L3	Connection to mains voltage up to 690V.	Three Main Voltage levels are available: 400V (230-400V), 480V, 600V,690V and 1000V. **Note:** 400V applies for 230 to 400V.
U, V, W	Connection to resistive/inductive load.	Load connection must be programmed to TPS. Refer to section 3.7 page 9.
G	Connection to Ground.	
Terminal 1	Control phase (Positive – for DC control)	Three control voltages are available: 115VAC (50/60Hz), 230VAC (50/60Hz), 110VDC.
Terminal 3	Control Neutral (Return)	
Terminal 4	Input – RUN command.	
Terminal 5	Input - Auxiliary programmable input.	Auxiliary Input can be programmed as one of the options: SYNC. AUTHORIZED KEY REMOTE RESET N.C. EXT. FAULT N.O. EXT. FAULT N.C. INTERLOCK N.O. INTERLOCK Refer to section 7.7.2 page 30.
Terminal 6	Common.	This terminal is a reference to terminals 4 & 5.
Terminal 7	Programmable output relay A – Common.	Any of the output relays A, B or C can be programmed to one of the following functions: Run, Alarm, Alarm fail safe, Trip, Trip fail safe, Tripping/Alarm (Any fault programmed in the tripping and alarm options will energize the relay.) Refer to section 7.7.2 page 30 for programming output relays.
Terminal 8	Programmable output relay A – Normally open (NO).	
Terminal 9	Programmable output relay A – Normally closed (NC).	
Terminal 10	Programmable output relay B – Common.	
Terminal 11	Programmable output relay B – Normally open (NO).	
Terminal 12	Programmable output relay B – Normally closed (NC).	
Terminal 13	Programmable output relay C – Common.	
Terminal 14	Programmable output relay C – Normally open (NO).	
Terminal 15	Programmable output relay C – Normally closed (NC).	

Indication	Description	Remarks
Terminal 16	Analogue input signal (+)	Terminals 16 & 17 are used for both, 0-10V and 4-20mA, 0-20mA analogue signals.
Terminal 17	Analogue input signal (-)	Terminals 16, 17 are used also when potentiometer option is installed. Refer to section 7.7.2 page 30 for analogue input programming. **Notes:** Set internal jumper on the main control board for the selected analogue input signal. Refer to section 6.4 page 20. When the TPS is programmed to get its analog input via communication, these inputs are not operative. Refer to section 7.7.6 page 36. **Caution** Damage may occur if jumpers are not properly set (see instructions for JP1, JP2, JP3 & JP4). Jumpers are factory set for 4-20mA input.
Terminal 18	Synchronization signal (+) (Optional)	Sync. signal use Shielded twisted pair, for daisy chaining.
Terminal 19	Synchronization signal (-) (Optional)	Up to 10 TPS units can be connected for master slave configuration. Master Slave configuration is designed for units located in the vicinity of 20 meter maximum. Refer to section 3.9 page 11.
Terminal 20	POT. CW - Output voltage for potentiometer connection (Only when option "P" is present.) (Optional).	When option "P" is present connect potentiometer CW to terminal 20, potentiometer slide to terminal 16 and potentiometer CCW to terminal 17. For potentiometer input control refer to section 6.4 page 20 for jumper settings and program TPS input to "Voltage input – Refer to section 7.7.2 page 30 for analogue input programming. **Notes**: A potentiometer of 10kOhm must be used! Use a high precision potentiometer for better resolution. When the TPS is programmed to get its analog input via communication, these inputs are not operative. Refer to section 7.7.6 page 36.
Terminal 21	Not connected	
Terminal 22	Comm. Ground (Optional)	Communication use Shielded twisted pair, for daisy chaining.
Terminal 23	RS-485 Communication (-) (Optional)	Up 32 units can be connected for Modbus RS485 communication.
Terminal 24	RS-485 Communication (+) (Optional)	For reliable communication, units should be installed in the vicinity of 200m maximum, from the first to the last unit.
(+) OUT	Analogue output (+)(Optional)	This output is used when analogue output option is installed. Analogue output can be

Indication	Description	Remarks
(-) OUT	Analogue output (-)(Optional)	configured as 4-20mA, 0-20mA or 0-10V. Refer to section 6.6 page 21 for hardware settings. . Analogue output can be programmed as a signal proportional to output power or average of 3 phase currents or I1 or I2 or I3 or as a reflection of the analogue input to the TPS. Refer to section 7.7.2 page 30 for programming analogue output.

3.6   Input/Output indication
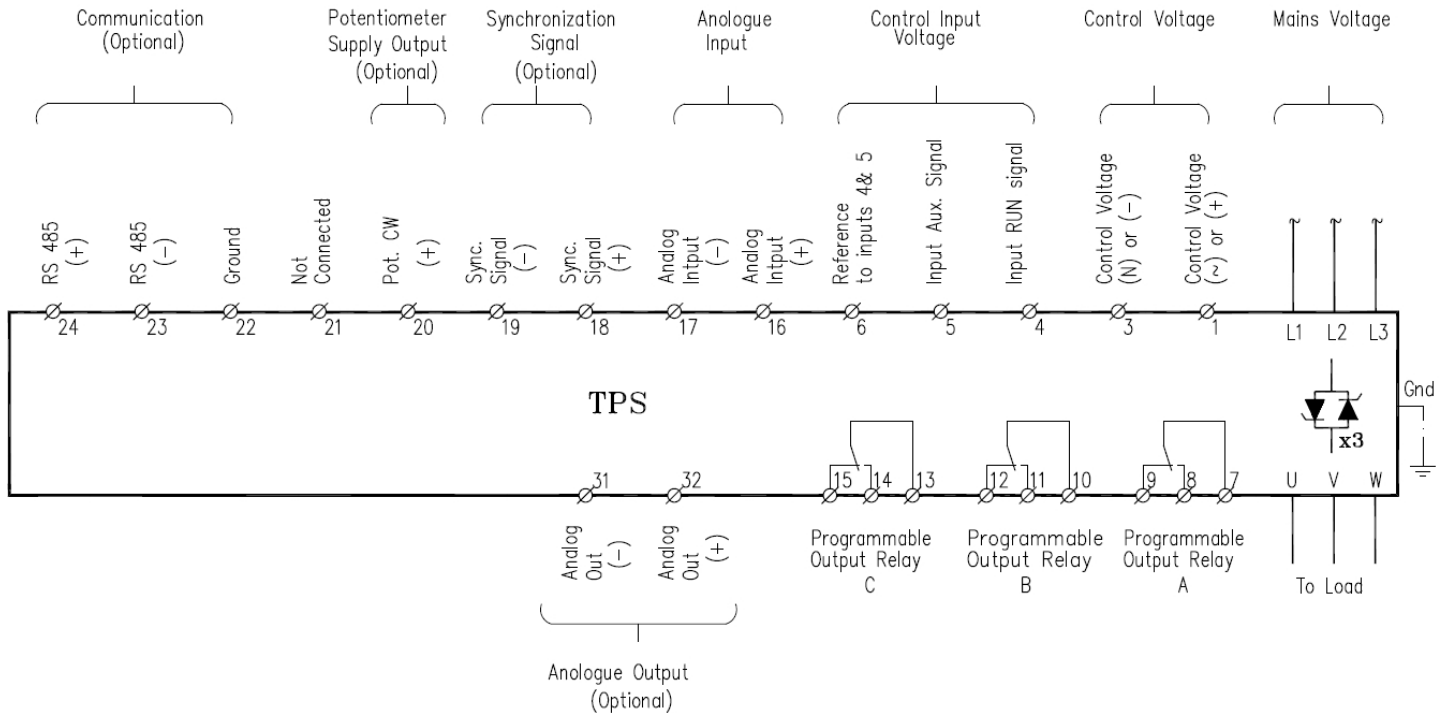
3.7   Load Connections

The TPS can be connect the load as shown in section 4.1 on page 12. The available configurations are:
Wye with Neutral Connected, Wye with Neutral not Connected, Delta or inside Delta.
Load connection type must be programmed to TPS. Refer to section 7.7.1 page 28.
Note:
Any number of parallel branches may be connected in the shown connection types provided that the total connected load will not exceed the current rating of the TPS unit.

3.8   Modes of operation

3.8.1   Zero Crossing

In this mode of operation thyristor's firing is performed so that current starts at its zero crossing point .

Main advantages of this mode are:
- Minimizing RFI noise.
- Minimizing current THD.

Main disadvantages are:
- No "Soft start".
- High inrush current in case of load with temperature dependant characteristic (lower resistance when cold)
- Current may vary in time.

In this mode of operation the TPS is programmed to operate in a cycle. (Tct)
When, during this cycle, analogue input is set to maximum – The TPS will conduct continuously.
When analogue input is lower, a proportional number of waves will be delivered to the load during Tct.

Firing method must be programmed to TPS. Refer to section 7.7.1 page 28.

Note:
Tct = 1-10Sec. (Adjustable in 0.1 sec steps)
Ton=2 cycles – Tct Seconds (Minimum conducting time is 2 cycles)
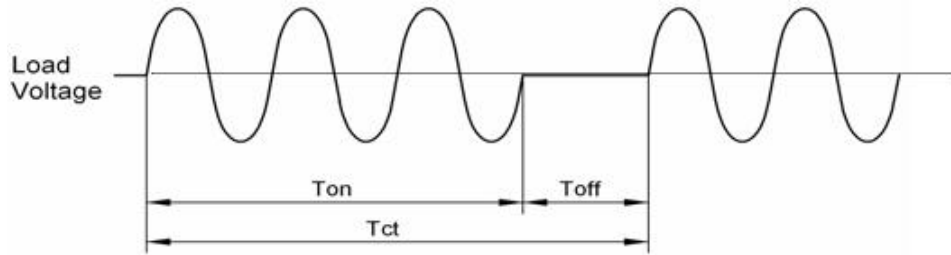
3.8.2   *Phase Control*

In this mode of operation thyristor's firing is performed in every half cycle proportional to the analogue input. Maximum analogue input will cause a full wave to load. When analogue input is lower, a proportional part of the sine wave will be delivered to the load.

Main advantages of this mode are:
- Enables "Soft start"
- Current variations are limited.

Main disadvantages are:
- Relatively high RFI noise.
- Relatively high current THD.

Note:
When load is connected in WYE NEUTRAL NOT CONNECTED or in LINE DELTA (both connections are without a neutral point) AND TPS is in PHASE CONTROL it is impossible to go to zero output.
Minimum possible firing for such case gives 10-20% of output voltage. This is since in this case the firing of each phase depends on the three phases mains and we cannot control each phase voltage down to zero.
In this case, zero input in analogue input causes the minimum possible voltage to appear in the output. Then, upon increasing the analogue input voltage, output voltage/current is monotonically increased.
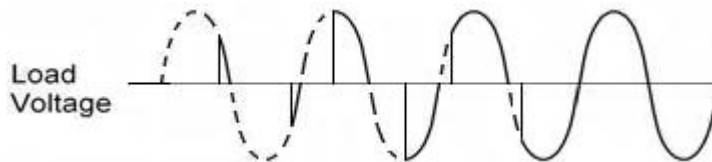
Firing method must be programmed to TPS. Refer to section 7.7.1 page 28.

3.8.3   *Phase control to zero crossing (Soft start)*

The user can program a time of which the TPS will function in PHASE CONTROL and then change to ZERO CROSSING mode.
This mode of operation (together with ANALOG IN T. CONST – refer to section 7.7.2 page 30) allows soft starting of the load. This mode is mostly used when load resistance has a temperature dependant characteristic (lower resistance when cold).
For soft stating the load, program the ANALOG IN T. CONST to a value from 0-10 seconds.
Program PHASE CONTROL TO ZERO CROSSING time to a value from 1-60 seconds.
When starting the TPS, even if analogue input is high, the ANALOG IN T. CONST function will gradually increase the "internal" value of the analogue input while TPS will function in PHASE CONTROL mode for the first 1-60 seconds (As programmed).
The outcome of this process will be a small current withdraw from the supply and slow heating of the heat element thus increasing its resistance and lowering the current.
For programming ANALOG IN T. CONST – refer to section 7.7.2 page 30.
Firing method must be programmed to TPS. Refer to section 7.7.1 page 28.

3.8.4   *Phase Control-Power*

In this mode of operation TPS function in PHASE CONTROL (See explanations above).

In PHASE CONTROL-POWER the output power of the TPS will be kept linear to the analogue input of the TPS.

Firing method must be programmed to TPS. Refer to section 7.7.1 page 28.

3.9 **Synchronized mode**

This mode of operation is applicable only if mode of operation is set to ZERO CROSSING.

In this mode of operation the TPS Sync. Terminals should be wired in "daisy chain" as shown in section 4.4 on page14. This mode is used to time share the ON time (Ton) period between the units.

In this mode, the beginning of the ON cycles of the connected TPSs is equally shifted.

For example:

No. of TPS units – 3

Cycle time when TPS is in ZERO CROSSING (Tct – see section 3.8.1 page 9) – 3 seconds.

In this example TPS#1 will be set to master and TPS#2, TPS#3 will be set to slave.

When system is stated, TPS#1 will go to ON first, TPS#2 will go to ON after 1 second (3 seconds/3), TPS#3 will go to ON after 2 seconds.

So, if the required duty cycle (Ton/Tct) is less than 1/3, one TPS only can be in ON state.

The Master is transmitting a "Sync" signal, received by all connected TPSs (Sync group members).

Only one unit of the group should be set as Master. All others should be set as slaves.

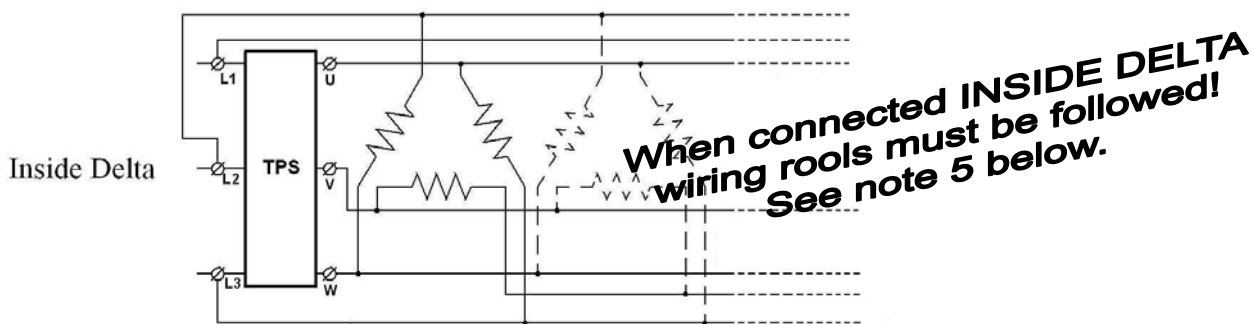Refer to section 7.7.4 page 34 for programming.

<u>Notes</u>:

1.   Sync. LED will lit once function is enabled.

2.   In order to have a full number of ON cycles it is recommended to program the ON-OFF CYCLE time In such manner that the number of cycles (50 or 60 Hz) divided by the number of connected TPS units will be an integer . i.e. if 3 TPS units are connected with 50Hz mains, the ON-OFF time can be, for example, 0.9Sec (45 cycles), 1,2 Sec (60 cycles), 3Sec (150 cycles).

3.   Synchronized mode can not be implemented if one current analog input is connected to several TPS units in series.

4. RECOMMENDED WIRING SCHEME

4.1 Load connection schemes

Wye Neutral Connected (Default)

Wye Neutral Not Connected

WYE, NEUTRAL NOT CONNECTED (NC) applicable for symmetrical loads only! See notes 3 & 4 below.

Line Delta

Inside Delta

When connected INSIDE DELTA wiring rools must be followed! See note 5 below.
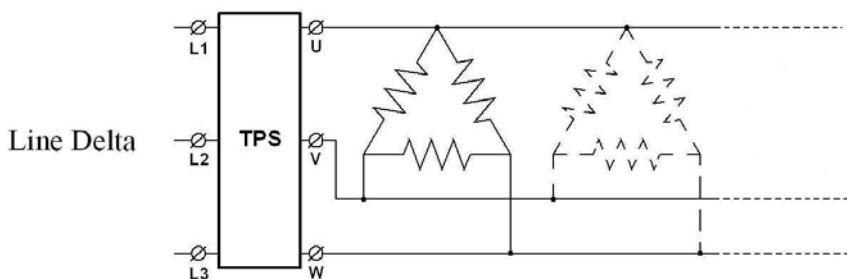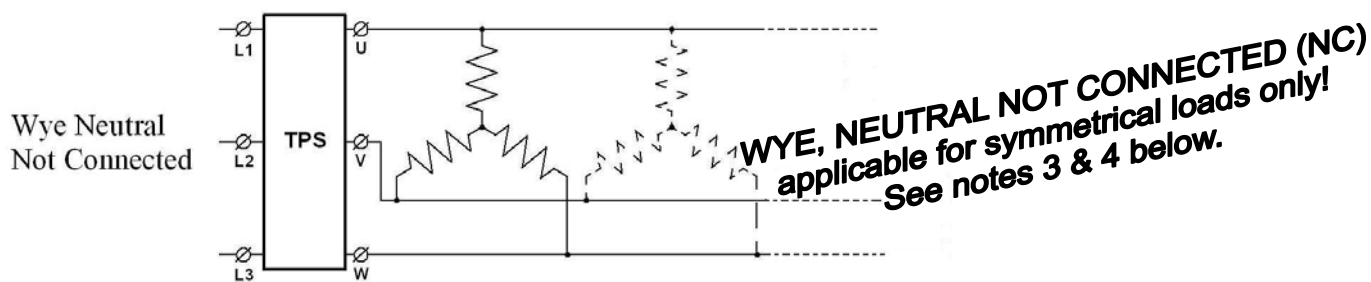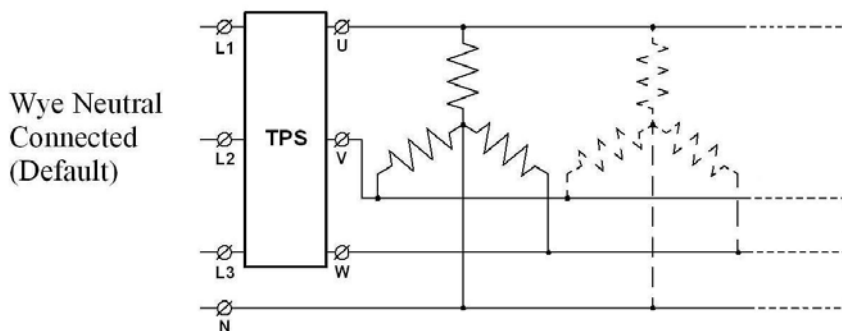
Notes:

(1) – Set connection type to TPS. Refer to section 7.7.1 on page 28

(2) When load is connected in WYE NEUTRAL NOT CONNECTED or in LINE DELTA (both connections are without a neutral point) AND TPS is in PHASE CONTROL it is impossible to go to zero output.

Minimum possible firing for such case gives 10-20% of output voltage. This is since in this case the firing of each phase depends on the three phases mains and we cannot control each phase voltage down to zero.

In this case, zero input in analogue input causes the minimum possible voltage to appear in the output. Then, upon increasing the analogue input voltage, output voltage/current is monotonically increased.

(3) WYE, NEUTRAL NOT CONNECTED (NC) applicable for symmetrical loads only. Connecting to non symmetrical loads might damage the load!

(4) When WYE, NEUTRAL NOT CONNECTED (NC) applies set the UNBALANCE protection to the lowest practical value and trip the TPS upon UNBALANCE or else load will damage. Refer to section 7.7.3 on page 32.

(5) Refer to section 4.2 next page for INSIDE DELTA wiring instructions.

4.2 **INSIDE DELTA Wiring**

When the TPS is connected INSIDE DELTA wiring must be exactly as in the following diagram:
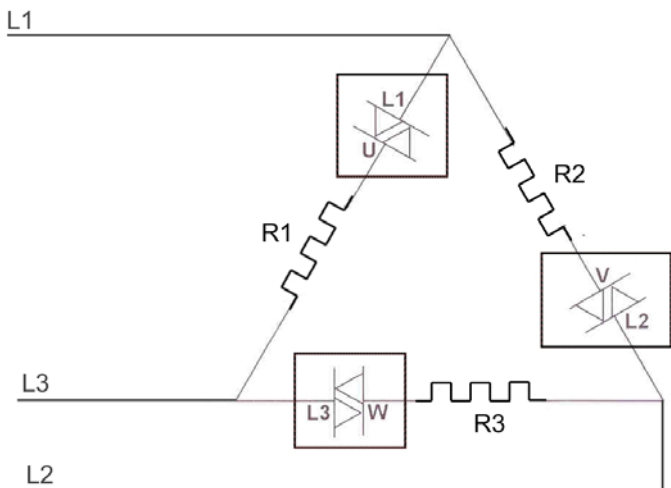
L1-U, L2-V, L3-W represent the three controlled TPS phases.
R1, R2 R3 represent the load.
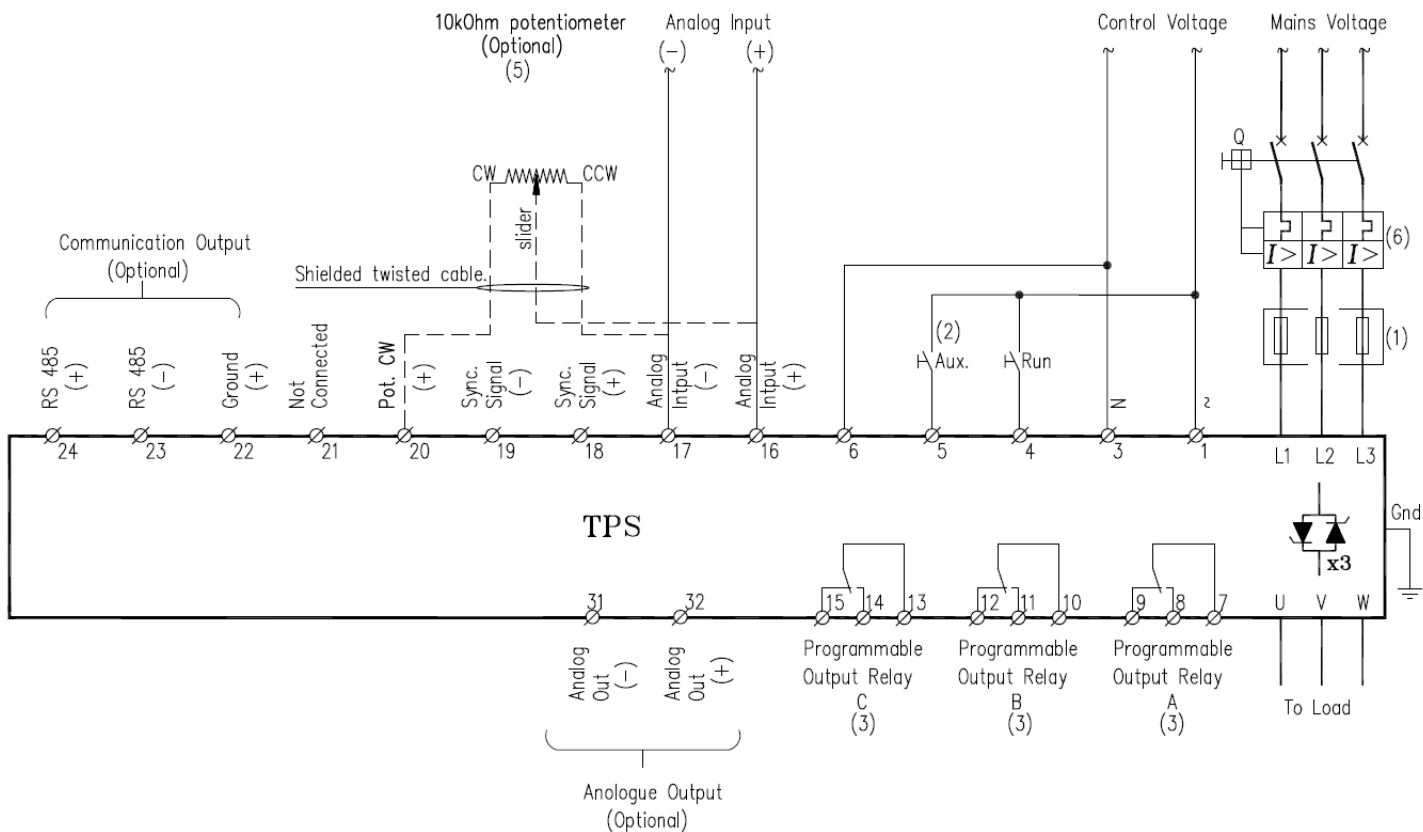L1, L2, L3 are mains voltage.
Verify the following:
• Phase sequence as below:

• Phase L1-U of the TPS is connected between L1 and L3 of the mains.
• Phase L2-V of the TPS is connected between L1 and L2 of the mains.
• Phase L3-W of the TPS is connected between L2 and L3 of the mains.

4.3 **Typical control scheme**

Notes:

(1) - Use fuses for thyristors short circuit protection. Refer to section 4.5.1 on page 15
Note: In 1000V models semiconductor protection fuses for "type 2 coordination" are built –in.
(2) - For Aux. input programming refer to section 7.7.2 on page 30.
(3) - For programmable output relays A, B &C refer to section 7.7.2 on page 30.
(4) - When emergency Stop switch is required it is recommended to trip a series contactor or the feeding circuit breaker. (Not shown)
(5) – Potentiometer control is only possible if option P (Potentiometer control) is ordered.
(6) – Only short current protection is mandatory in models other than 1000V. The TPS has a built-in over current protection.

4.4 **Communication and Synchronization wiring**
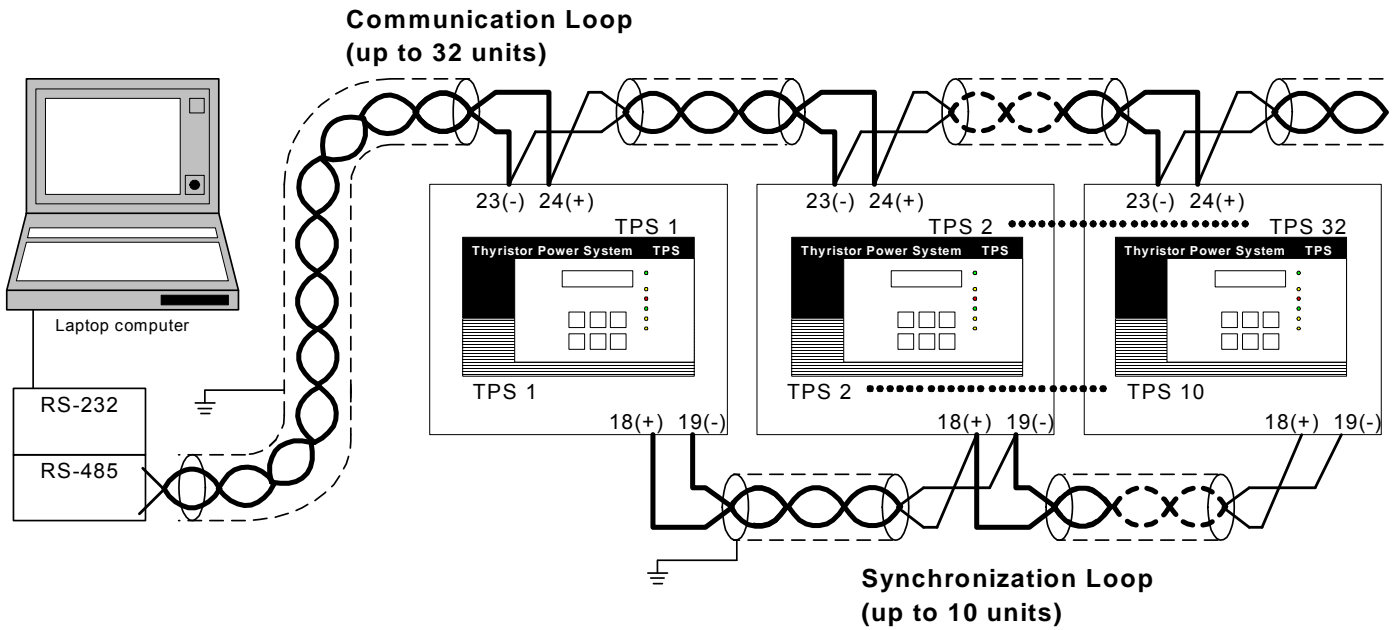
Notes:

> (1) – Use shielded twisted pair for Synchronization loop and for RS485 communication.
> (2) – For communication cabling length of cables should not exceed 200m.
> (3) - For Synchronization cabling length of cables should not exceed 20m.
> (4) - Synchronized mode can not be implemented if one current analogue input is connected to several TPS units in series.

4.5 **Wiring Notes**

WARNINGS!	When mains voltage is connected to the TPS, even if control voltage is disconnected, full voltage may appear on the TPS load terminals. Therefore, for isolation purposes, it is necessary to connect an isolating device before the TPS.
	Power factor correction capacitors must not be installed on TPS load side. When required, install capacitors on TPS line side.

4.5.1 **Short Circuit Protection**

For "type 2 coordination", use fuses for semiconductor protection to protect the TPS from a short circuit.
Fuses for semiconductor protection give excellent results because they have low I²t values and high interruption ratings.
Recommended fuse selection procedure:
  (1) **Fuse rated voltage**: Choose minimum fuse rated voltage which is above the rated voltage of the mains.
  (2) **Fuse rated current:** Select a fuse which is 1.6 times the rated TPS current
  (3) **Fuse I²t:** Verify that the I²t value of the fuse is less than or equal to the I²t value of the thyristor in the TPS as shown in the table below.
  (4)

TPS Model	Max. Thyristor I²t [A²Sec]	TPS Model	Max. Thyristor I²t [A²Sec]
TPS-8	5,000	TPS-390	200,000
TPS-17	5,000	TPS-460	700,000
TPS-31	5,000	TPS-580	700,000
TPS-44	5,000	TPS-820	700,000
TPS-58	12,000	TPS-950	Consult Factory
TPS-72	12,000	TPS-1100	Consult Factory
TPS-85	12,000	TPS-1500	Consult Factory
TPS-105	15,000	**1000V Models**	**Installed fuses (A²Sec)**
TPS-145	60,000	TPS-55 **1000V**	Bussmann 170M4243 (16000)
TPS-170	60,000	TPS-105 **1000V**	Bussmann 170M4243 (16000)
TPS-210	140,000	TPS-160 **1000V**	Bussmann 170M4245 (54500)
TPS-310	200,000	TPS-200 **1000V**	Bussmann 170M4246 (115000)

Note: In 1000V models semiconductor protection fuses for "type 2 coordination" are built –in.
The fuses listed under "installed fuses" in the table above are recommended, however equivalent fuses from other manufacturers can be used as well as long as their I²t values are equal or lower to the values mentioned in parentheses.

4.5.2 **Transient Protection**

Line transient voltages can cause a malfunction of the TPS and damage to the thyristors. All TPS units incorporate Metal Oxide Varistors (MOV) to protect from normal line voltage spikes.
When higher transients are expected, additional external protection should be used (consult factory).

5. **DIMENSIONS**

5.1 **400-690VAC Models**

TPS 8-72A
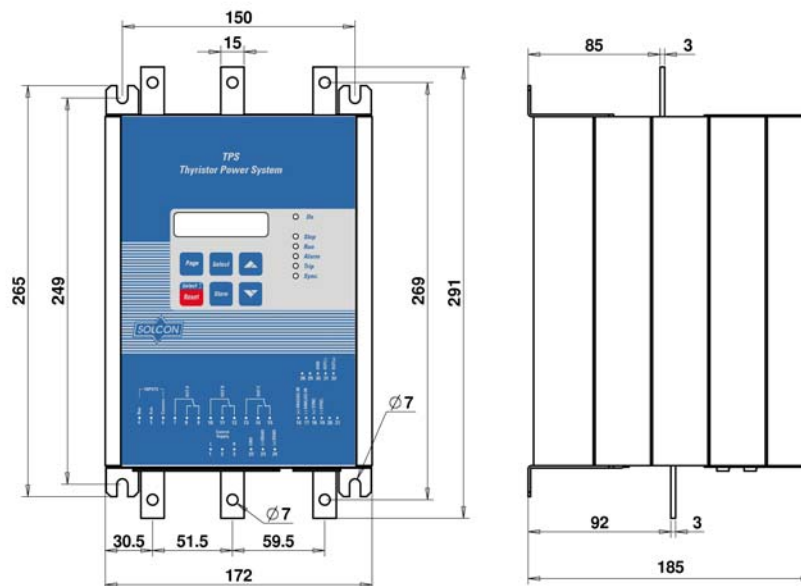
TPS 85-105A

TPS 145-210A

TPS 310-390A

TPS 460A

TPS 580A
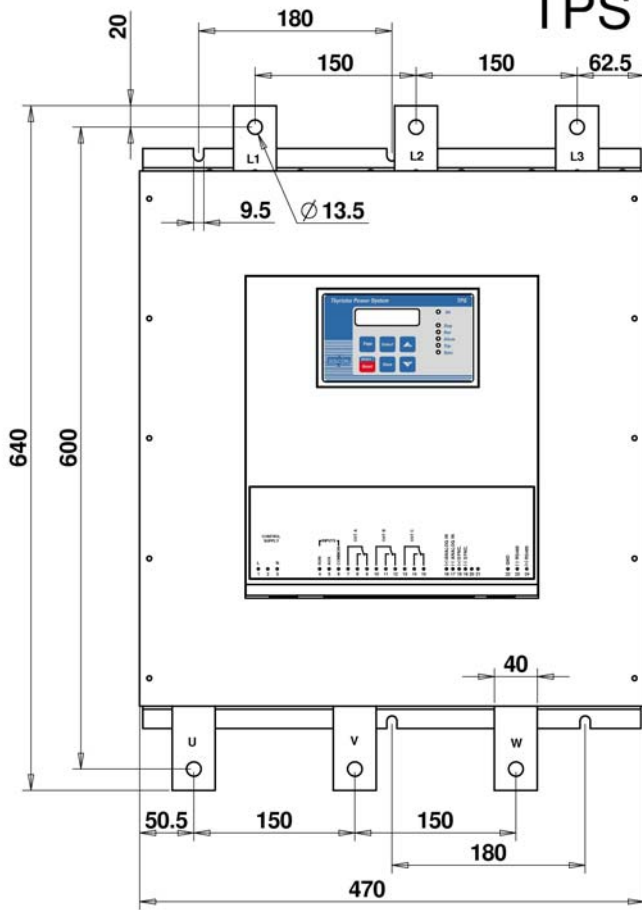
TPS 820A

For other models dimensions – consult factory.

5.2 **1000VAC Models**

Note: In 1000V models semiconductor protection fuses for "type 2 coordination" are built –in.

TPS 55-200A 1000V

For other models dimensions – consult factory.
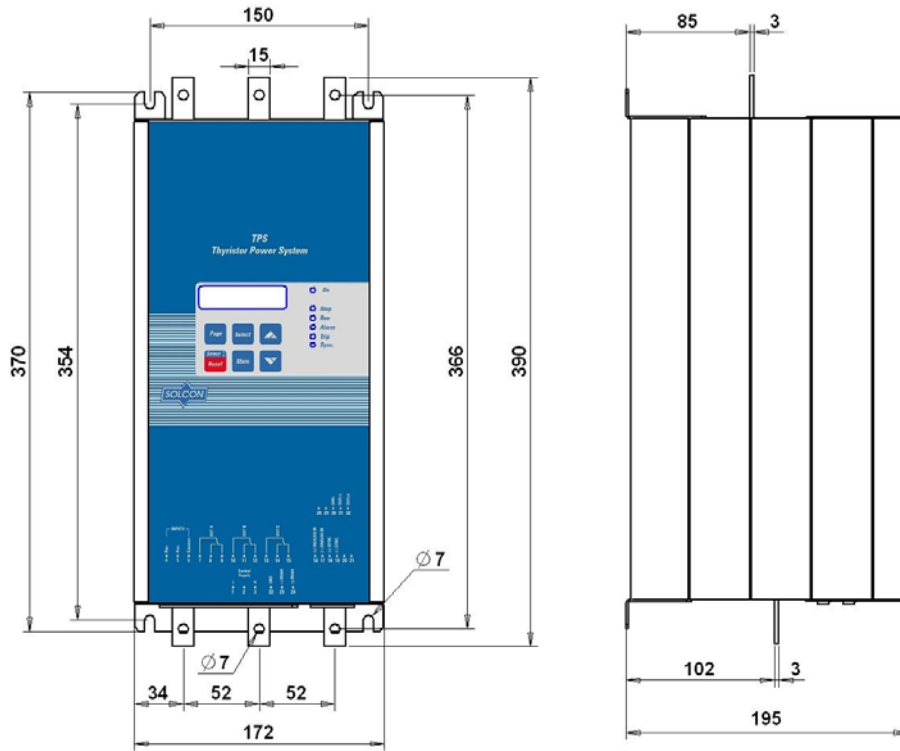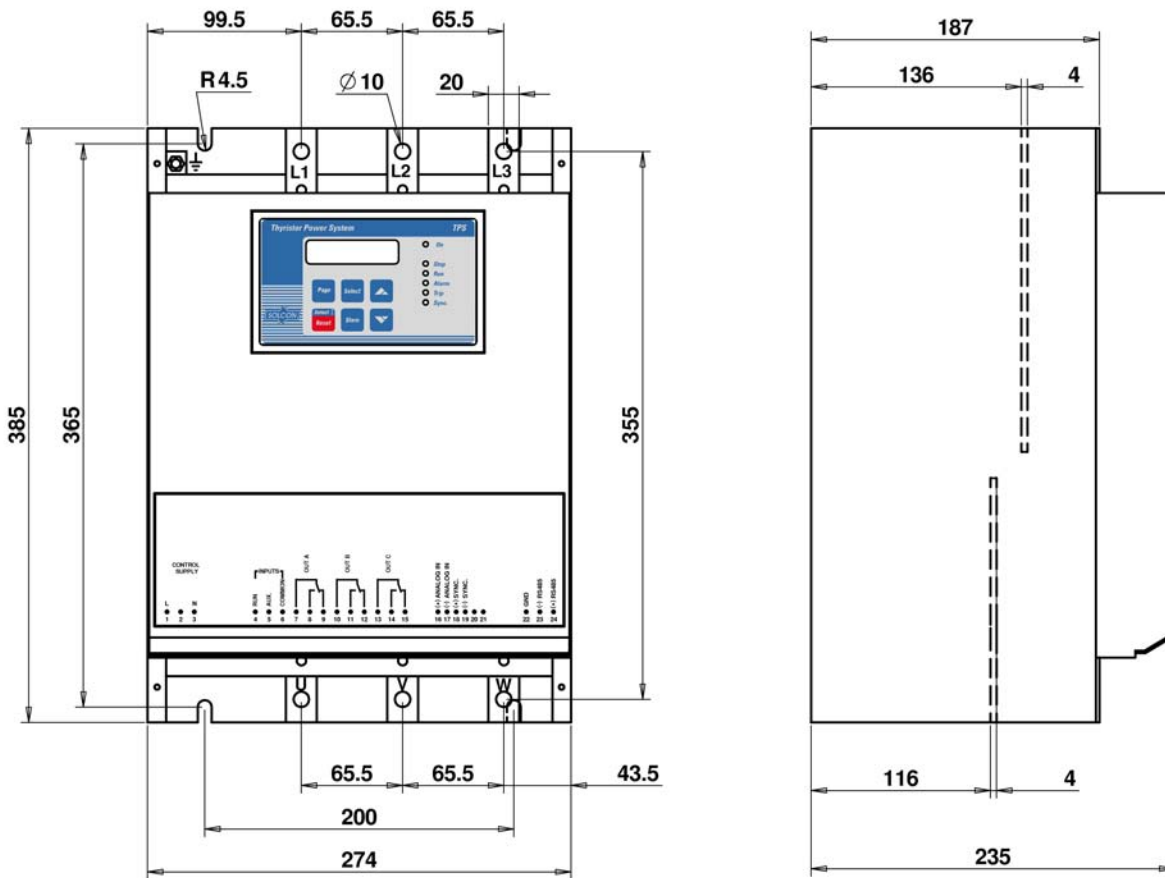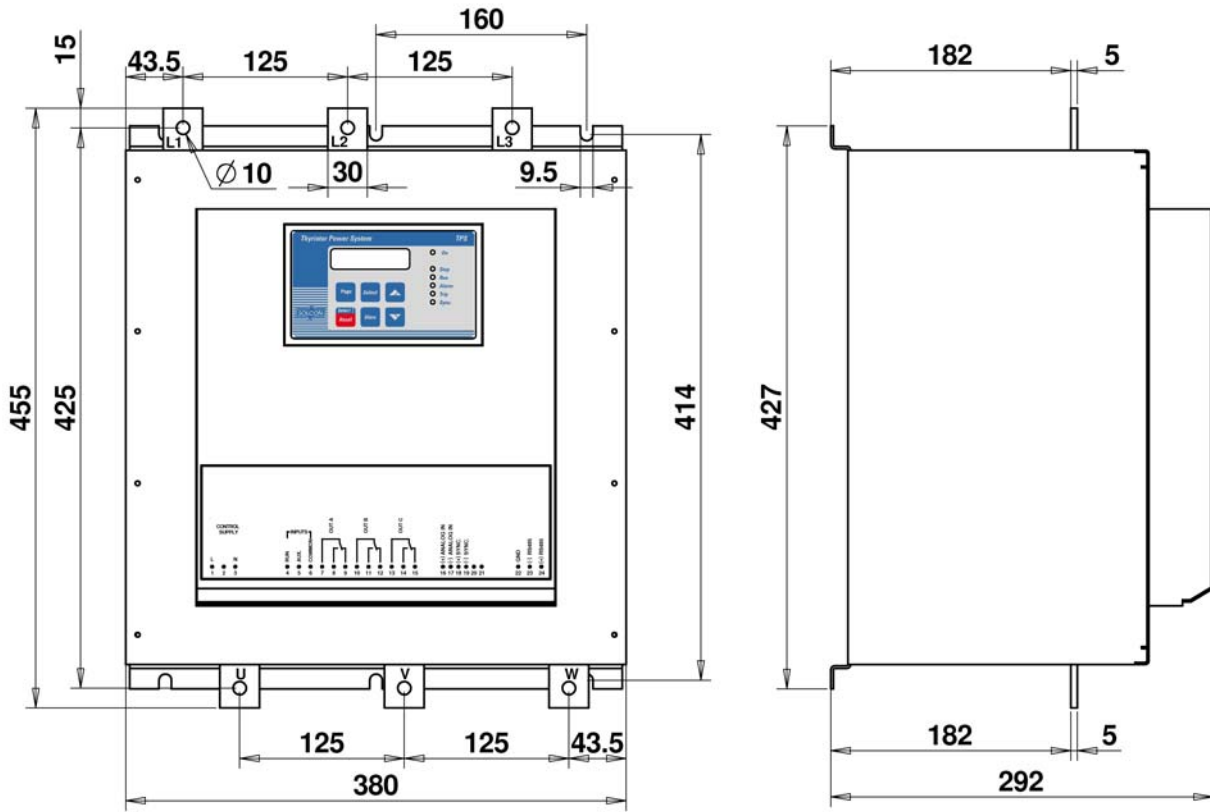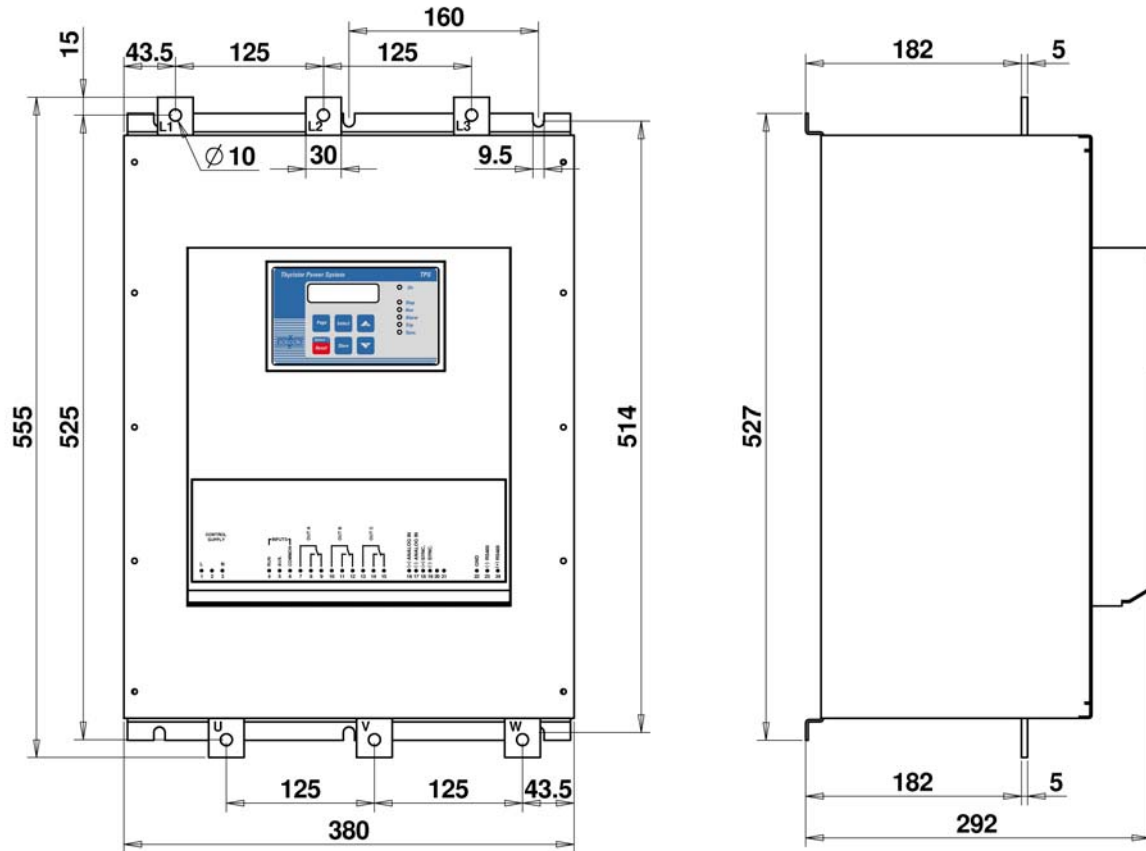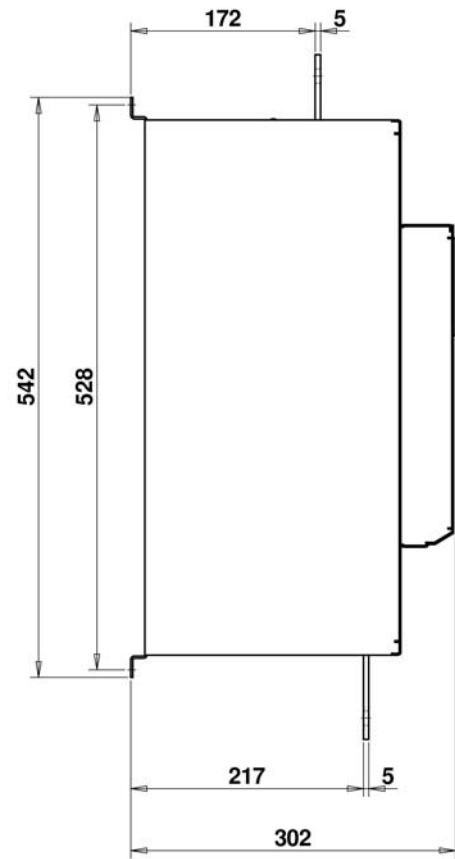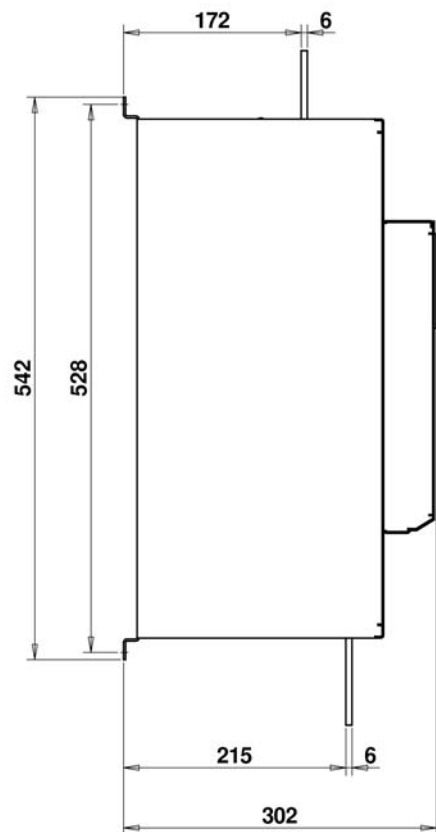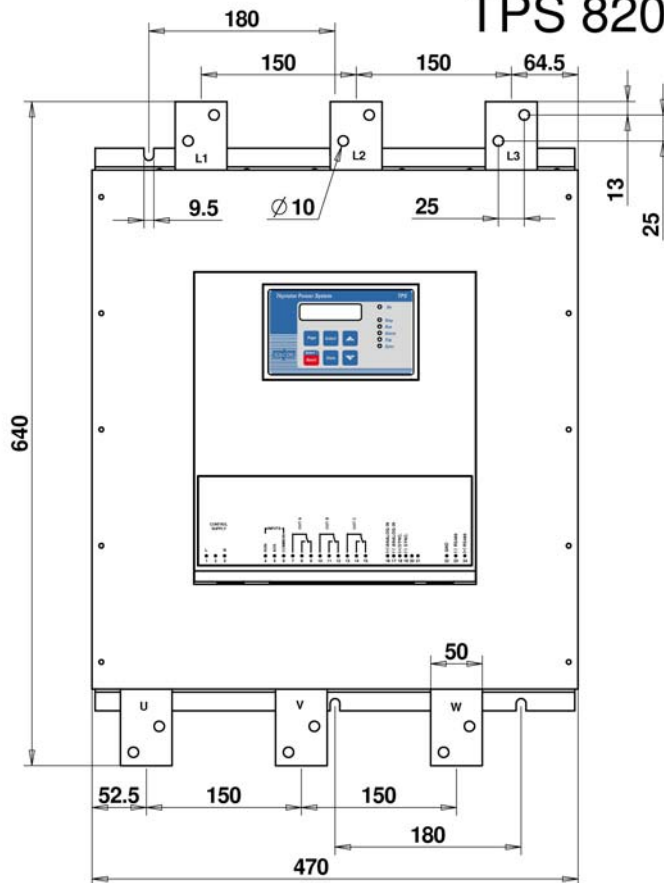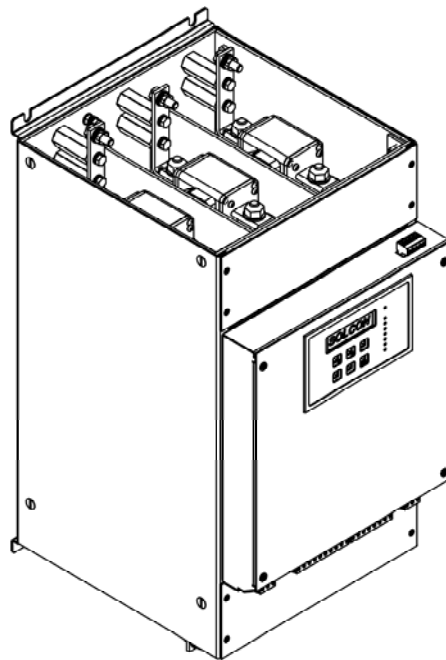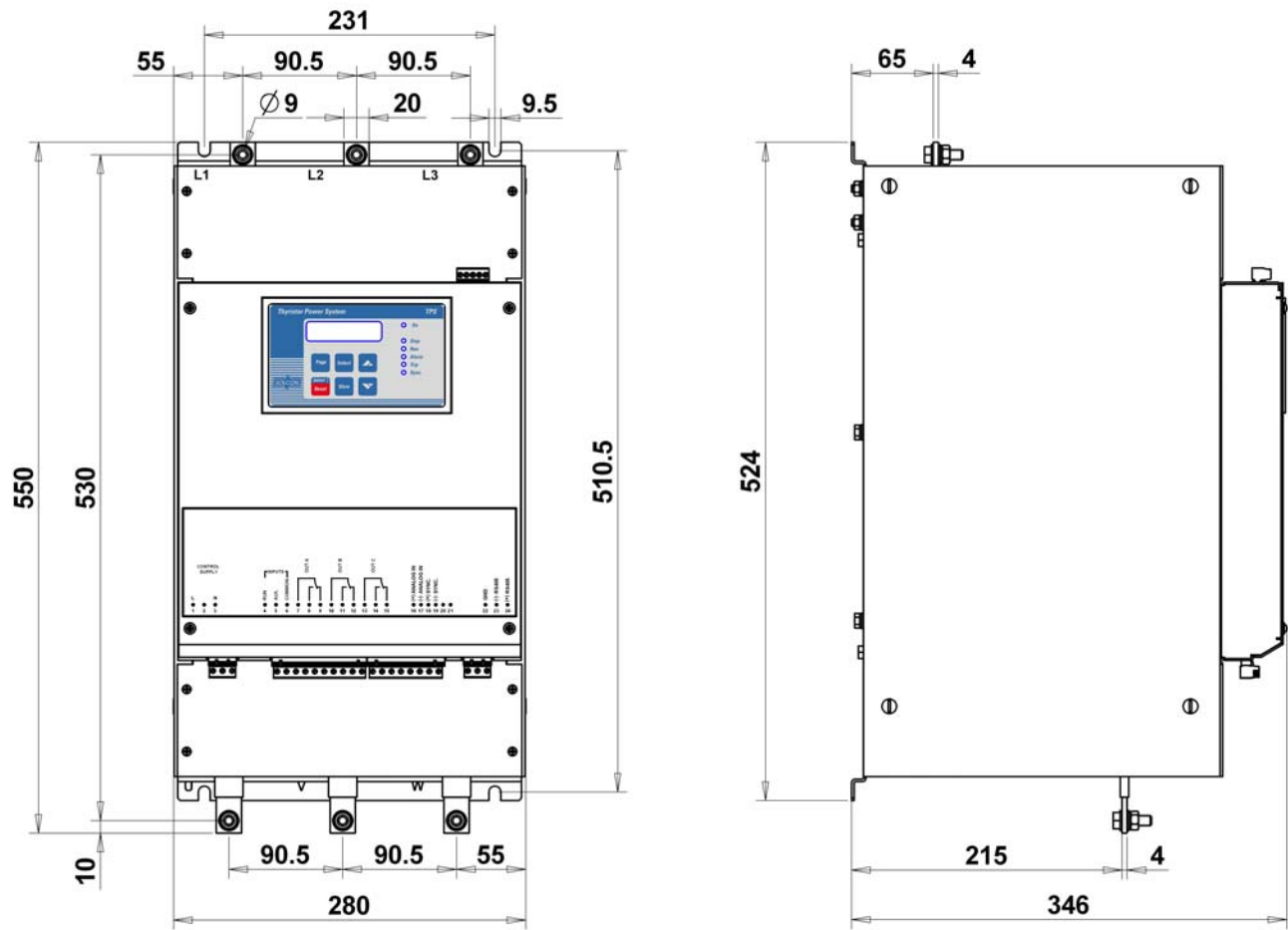
6.   **INSTALLATION**

WARNING!	Do not interchange line and load connections

6.1   Prior to Installation

Check that LOAD RATED CURRENT (FLA) is lower than, or equal, to the TPS RATED CURRENT.
Note:
TPS RATED CURRENT (FLC)≥ LOAD RATED CURRENT In all 3 phases!!
Check that Mains and Control voltages are as indicated on the TPS side label.

TPS 105 400-230-230-S
TPS FLC   105A
MAINS VOLTAGE   400V 50/60Hz
CONTROL VOLTAGE 230V
SERIAL No   1452010

Make sure TPS RATED CURRENT(FLC)≥ LOAD RATED CURRENT! (In all 3 phases)

Make sure Mains voltage is right!

Make sure Control voltage is right!

TPS label - example

6.2   Mounting

The TPS must be mounted vertically. Allow sufficient space (at least 100mm) above and below the TPS for suitable airflow.
It is recommended to mount the TPS directly on the rear metal plate for better heat dissipation.
Note:
Do not mount the TPS directly on the rear metal plate in case a ventilation fan or ventilation opening is on the back side of the TPS.
Do not mount the TPS near heat sources.
Surrounding air temperature in the cabinet should not exceed 50ºC
Protect the TPS from dust and corrosive atmospheres.

Note: For harsh environments, it is recommended to order the TPS with printed circuit board coating. Refer to section **Error! Reference source not found.** on page **Error! Bookmark not defined.** for ordering information.

6.3   Temperature range & heat dissipation

The TPS is rated to operate over a temperature range of -10ºC (14ºF) to + 50ºC (122ºF).
Relative non-condensed humidity inside the enclosure should not exceed 95%.

ATTENTION!	Operating at surrounding air temp. (Inside the cabinet) higher than 50ºC may cause damage to the TPS.

Heat Dissipation is:

1.3x3xI+FAN and TPS consumption rating
Where:
I is the RMS current of the TPS.
FAN and TPS consumption rating - is shown on the technical specifications page 42.
So, for example, the maximum heat dissipation for a 210A TPS is: 1.3x3x210+64=883Watt.

6.4   Protection bus-bars covers for power terminals.

Protection bus-bars covers can be fitted with power terminals.
Consult factory for this option.

6.5 **Jumpers settings for analogue input configuration**

See next page for jumpers location.
The TPS incorporates 4 jumpers which configure terminals 16 & 17 to work as a voltage reference input, current reference input or voltage free potentiometer input.
Jumpers must be set correctly prior to start up.
Caution:
Damage may occur if jumpers are not properly set
The jumpers are located on the main PCB (Refer to control module picture on page 22) and should be set as follows:
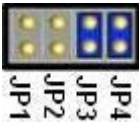
	Description	**Use**
	JP1 and JP2 are closed JP3 and JP4 are open. ***** This is factory default setting.	Use when 0-20mA or 4-20mA is connected to terminals 16 & 17. Refer to section 7.7.2 on page 30 for programming TPS ANALOG IN TYPE.
	JP3 and JP4 are closed. JP1 and JP2 are open.	Use when 0-10V is connected to terminals 16 & 17. Refer to section 7.7.2 on page 30 for programming TPS ANALOG IN TYPE.
	JP4 is closed. JP1, JP2 and JP3 are open.	Use when potentiometer input is connected to terminals 16 & 17 and 20. TPS must be programmed as "voltage input" 0..10V. Refer to section 7.7.2 on page 30 for programming TPS ANALOG IN TYPE.

Note:

 - Indicates closed jumper.

- Indicates open jumper.

6.6 **Dip switches settings for analogue output optional PCB**

See next page for analogue output optional PCB location.
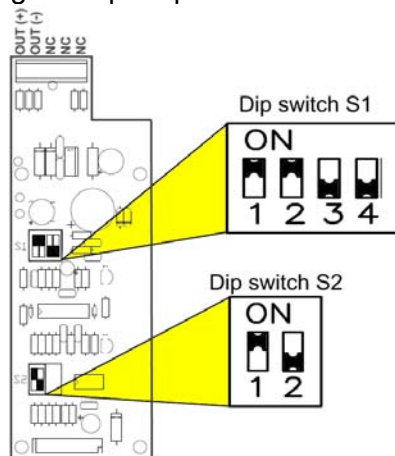
Analogue P.C.B. layout

Analogue Output (terminals Out (+), Out (-))

Dip switches allow selection between: 0-10VDC, 0-20mA, 4-20mA

Analogue value can be programmed via the key pad in I/O PROGRAMMING SETTINGS page to one of the values as follows (refer to section 7.7.2 on page 30.):

A.   Power, 0-100% OF Pn (Default setting)
B.   I average, 0-100% OF LOAD RATED CURRENT.
C.   I1, 0-100% OF LOAD RATED CURRENT.
D.   I2, 0-100% OF LOAD RATED CURRENT.
E.   I3, 0-100% OF LOAD RATED CURRENT.
F.   ANALOG INPUT (reflection of analogue input to the TPS)

Dip No.	4-20 mA*	0-20 mA	0-10VDC
Dip-Sw. S1 # 1	On	On	Off
Dip-Sw. S1 # 2	On	On	Off
Dip-Sw. S1 # 3	Off	Off	On
Dip-Sw. S1 # 4	Off	Off	On
Dip-Sw. S2 # 1	On	Off	Off
Dip-Sw. S2 # 2	No use	No use	No use

* Factory default setting

7.   CONTROL KEYPAD

The control keypad is the link between the TPS and the user.
The TPS control keypad features:
(1) Two lines of 16 alphanumeric characters each (with four selectable languages – English, French, German and Spanish)
(2) Six push-buttons (**Page**, **Select/Reset**, **Select**, **Store**, Up (▲) and down (▼) keys.
(3) Six indication LEDs (*On*, Stop, Run, Alarm, Trip and Sync)
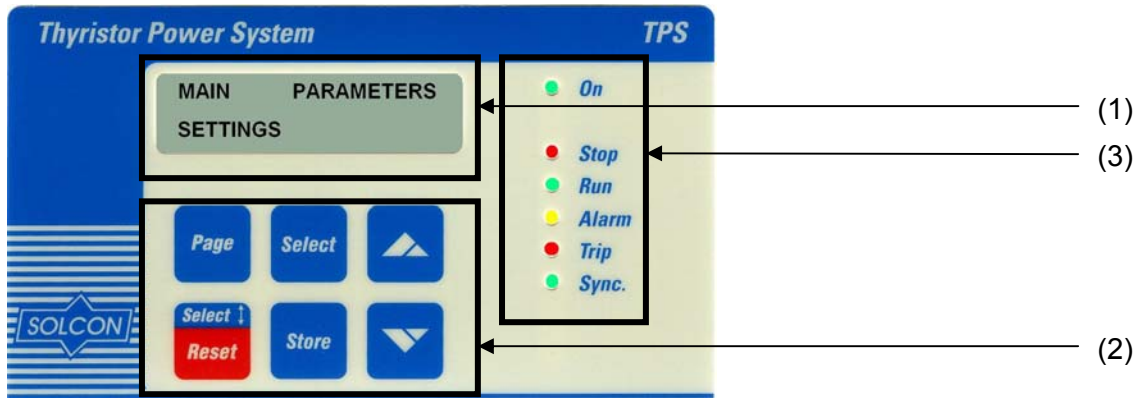
7.1   **LCD Arrangement**

```
UNDER CURRENT
0% OF FLA
```

Upper line displays function.
Lower line displays setting and\or measured values.

7.2   **Push-buttons**

Page	Allows the operator to browse through the Display and programming menus available in the TPS.
Select	Allows the operator to select a function within each **Page**. **Note**: Pressing **Select** continuously changes shown parameters continuously.
▲	Allows the operator to increase adjusted values shown in the display. Operator should press this button momentarily, for slow value changes in the display, or continuously, for rapid value changes in the display.
▼	Allows the operator to decrease adjusted values shown in the display. Operator should press this button momentarily, for slow value changes in the display, or continuously, for rapid value changes in the display.
Store	Allows the operator to store modified parameters in the non-volatile memory to save modified parameters.
Select↑ Reset	This key has two functions: • Used to toggle between "backwards" and "forward" While pressing **Select** key. When pressing **Select↑** key, an underline mark will show/not show on the first digit of the second row of the display. While underline mark shows – **Select** key goes "backwards" While underline mark does not show – **Select** key goes "forward" • When TPS is in latched trip or in alarm status allows the user to reset the unit. The Reset key has to be pressed for 1 second in order to reset the TPS. **Note:** Alarm/Trip can not be reset if RUN input is ON.

7.3   **Status LEDs.**

🟢	Green	*On*	Lights when Control Supply voltage is connected to the TPS
🔴	Red	*Stop*	Lights when TPS is in stop condition. (Before RUN command is initiated)
🟢	Green	*Run*	Lights when TPS is feeding the load.
🟡	Yellow	*Alarm*	Lights during alarm condition. Note: LED can be latched on/off as per AUTO RESET ENABLE/DISABLE setting. Refer to section 7.7.5 page 35.
🔴	Red	*Trip*	Lights during trip condition. Note: LED can be latched on/off as per AUTO RESET ENABLE/DISABLE setting. Refer to section 7.7.5 page 35.
🟢	Green	*Sync.*	Lights when TPS is programmed to MASTER or SLAVE mode of operation. Refer to section 3.9 page 11 for more details.

7.4   **Reviewing and modifying parameters**

Press **Page** key several times until you reach the required Mode page.
Press **Select** key to review parameters of this Mode.

When reaching the required parameter, modify its values with ⬆ or ⬇ keys.
Once value is set press **Store key.** Once data was properly stored in the non-volatile memory, the LCD will display DATA SAVED OK for 2 seconds.
In addition the modified parameter/s can be stored at the end of every mode page. Press **Select** until "STORE ENABLE To store the new parameters, press **Select** key until STORE ENABLE XXX PARAMETERS, then press **Store** key. The LCD will display DATA SAVED OK for 2 seconds.

7.5   **Special actions performed by the key-pad.**

7.5.1   Run self test, Software version, default parameters and clear statistical data

Press **Page** and ⬇ keys simultaneously.

The LCD will display:

```
TEST / MAINTENANCE
******OPTIONS***********
```
Press **Select** key.
The LCD will display:
```
RUN SELF TEST?
PUSH UP ARROW
```
To perform a self test push UP ARROW.
If self test OK, display will show:
```
SELF TEST PASSED
```
Press **Select** key.
The LCD will display the software version:
```
DTL-19/03/2006
TPS-190306noSTAT
```
Press **Select** key.
The LCD will display:
```
STORE NOW?
DEFAULT PARAMETERS
```
To obtain "default parameters" press **Page+Store** Simultaneously.
The LCD will display:

> DATA SAVED OK

At this point (If "default parameters" were obtained) the TPS goes back to the root menu.
In order to continue the TEST/MAINTENANCE procedure press **Select** several times until LCD displays:

> CLEAR NOW?
> STATISTICAL DATA

To clear "statistical data" press **Reset+Store** Simultaneously.
The LCD will display:

> DATA SAVED OK

CAUTION!	Obtaining Default Parameters erases all previously modified settings and requires the operator to program TPS RATED CURRENT, LOAD RATED CURRENT (FLA) and RATED LINE VOLTAGE values again.

7.6 **Mode Pages**

Upon initiation of the TPS, the LCD displays:

> MAIN PATAMETERS
> SETTINGS

By pressing the **Page** key all mode pages can be reviewed:

> MAIN PATAMETERS
> SETTINGS

> I/O PARAMETERS
> SETTINGS

> PROTECTION PARA.
> SETTINGS

> LOAD SHED. PARA.
> SETTINGS

> TRIPPING/ALARM
>   - **** -

> COMM. PARAMETERS
> SETTINGS

> ACTUAL DATA
>   - **** -

> FAULT DATA
>   - **** -

Notes:

1. Pressing **Store** key while the LCD displays an "Actual Data" parameter, will store this parameter as default display. If no key is pressed for more than five minutes, this parameter will be constantly displayed.

2. Pressing **Store** key, while the LCD displays a header, will store this header as the default display. If no key is pressed for more than five minutes this header will be constantly displayed.

7.7 **Mode Pages, parameters & default values**

MAIN PARAMETERS SETTINGS	I/O PARAMETERS SETTINGS	PROTECTION PARA. SETTINGS	LOAD SHED. PARA. SETTINGS	TRIPPING/ALARM ***OPTIONS***
See page 28	See page 30	See page 32	See page 34	See page 35
Display and default values	Display and default values	Display and default values	Display and default values	
LINE VOLTS (Vn) 400V	ANALOG IN TYPE 4 .. 20mA	UNDER CURRENT 0 % OF FLA	CURRENT LIMIT OFF	
LINE FREQUENCY 50 Hz	ANALOG IN T. CONST 1.0 SEC.	U/C DELAY 10.0 SEC.	MASTER/SLAVE OFF	
TPS RATED CURR. 100 AMP.	AUX. IN TYPE REMOTE RESET	OVER CURRENT 0 % OF FLA	NO. OF SYNC UNITS 5	
LOAD RATED CURR. 100 AMP.	CONFIG OUT A RUN (IMMEDIATE)	O/C DELAY 5.0 SEC.	SYNC. NUMBER 2	
LOAD RATED POWER 70.5 KW	OUT A RELAY DLY 0.0 SEC.	UNBALANCE LVL 1 10% OF FLA	STORE ENABLE LOAD SHED. PARA.	
CONNECTION TYPE WYE, NEUTRAL CON	CONFIG OUT B ALARM-FAIL SAFE	U/B LVL 1 DELAY 10.0 SEC.		
LOAD POWER FACTOR 1.0	OUT B RELAY DLY 0.0 SEC.	UNBALANCE LVL 2 20% OF FLA		
FIRING METHOD ZERO CROSSING	CONFIG OUT C TRIP	U/B LVL 2 DELAY 5.0 SEC.		
CONTROL MODE INPUT SIGNAL	OUT C RELAY DLY 0.0 SEC.	UNDER VOLTAGE 80 % OF Vn		
ON-OFF CYCLE T 2.0 SEC.	KWH PER PULSE OFF	U/V DELAY 5.0 SEC.		
TURN ON DELAY 0.0 SEC.	AN. OUT PARAMETER P, 0-100% OF Pn	OVER VOLTAGE 115 % OF Vn		
TURN OFF DELAY 0.0 SEC.	STORE ENABLE I/O PARAMETERS	O/V DELAY 1.0 SEC.		
PARAM. SETTING NOT LOCKED		PHASE LOSS DELAY 2.0 SEC.		
STORE ENABLE MAIN PARAMETERS		GND FAULT LEVEL 10 % OF FLA		
		GND FAULT DELAY 2.0 SEC.		
		UNDER POWER LVL 0 % OF Pn		
		UNDER POWER DLY 10.0 SEC.		
		EXT. FAULT DELAY 5.0 SEC.		
		STORE ENABLE PROTECTION PARA.		

COMM.PARAMETERS SETTINGS	ACTUAL DATA --****--	STATISTICAL DATA - **** -	FAULT DATA - **** -
See page 36	See page 37	See page 38	See page 38
Display and default values	Display	Display	Display
COMM. PROTOCOL MODBUS	Vp1 Vp2 Vp3 0 0 0 V	TOTAL RUN TIME 0 HOURS	LAST TRIP NO DATA
BAUD RATE 19200	VL12 VL23 VL31 0 0 0 V	TOTAL # OF TRIPS 0	LAST ALARM NO DATA
PARITY CHECK EVEN	ANALOG INPUT 26%	TOTAL ENERGY 0 KWH	TRIP I1 I2 I3 0 0 0 A
SERIAL LINK NO. 248 (OFF)	ON I1 I2 I3 0 0 0 A		TRIP GND CURRENT 0 AMP.
S.LINK PAR. SAVE DISABLE	GROUND CURRENT 0 AMP.		TRIP Vp1 Vp2 Vp3 0 0 0 V
SER.LINK CONTROL DISABLE	FREQUENCY 50 Hz		LAST 10 TRIPS: NO DATA
STORE ENABLE COMM. PARAMETERS	POWER 0 KW		PREVIOUS TRIP -2 NO DATA
	LOAD CURRENT 0 % OF FLA		.
			.
	UNBALANCE CURR. 0 %		PREVIOUS TRIP -9 NO DATA

7.7.1 *Main parameters settings – page 1*

MAIN PARAMETERS SETTINGS		
Display and default values	**Range**	**Description**
LINE VOLTS (Vn) 400V	120V-1000V	Sets TPS mains voltage
LINE FREQUENCY 50 Hz	50Hz, 60Hz	Sets TPS mains frequency
TPS RATED CURR. 100 AMP.	8A-3000A	Sets TPS RATED CURRENT (FLC) TPS RATED CURRENT should be as shown on the TPS Name plate. (Refer to section 6.1 on page 20)
LOAD RATED CURR. 100 AMP.	8A-3000A	Sets LOAD RATED CURRENT (FLA). Should be programmed as shown on load's name plate. **Note**: LOAD RATED CURRENT≤TPS RATED CURRENT in **all** 3 phases.
LOAD RATED POWER 70.5 KW	0.1kW-3600kW	Sets load rated power. This parameter is set to enable the TPS to close a control loop when in PHASE CONTROL- POWER mode of operation. Refer to section 3.8.4 on page 10.
CONNECTION TYPE WYE, NEUTRAL CON	INSIDE DELTA, DELTA, WYE, NEUTRAL NC, WYE, NEUTRAL CON	Sets connection mode of the TPS. Refer to section 4.1 on page 12. **Caution**: WYE, NEUTRAL NC applicable for symmetrical loads only. Connecting to non symmetrical loads might damage the load! When WYE, NEUTRAL NC applies set the UNBALANCE protection to the lowest practical value and trip the TPS upon UNBALANCE or else load will damage. Refer to section 7.7.3 on page 32.
LOAD POWER FACTOR 1.0	0.00-1.0	Sets load rated power factor.
FIRING METHOD ZERO CROSSING	PC TO ZC IN 1 SEC. . . PC TO ZC IN 60 SEC. PH. CTRL – POWER PHASE CONTROL ZERO CROSSING	Sets TPS mode of operation Refer to section 4.13.8 on page 9.
CONTROL MODE INPUT SIGNAL	INPUT SIGNAL	Reserved for future enhancement.
ON-OFF CYCLE T 2.0 SEC.	1.0sec. – 10sec.	Sets TPS cycle time when operating in ZERO CROSSING. Refer to section 3.8.1 on page 9.
TURN ON DELAY 0.0 SEC.	0.0sec. – 60sec.	Sets TPS ON DELAY. This feature is used when several units get ON command instantaneously. Programming different delays will prevent sudden loading the supply.
TURN OFF DELAY 0.0 SEC.	0.0sec. – 60sec.	Sets TPS OFF DELAY. This feature is used when several units get OFF command instantaneously.

MAIN PARAMETERS SETTINGS		
Display and default values	**Range**	**Description**
		Programming different delays will prevent sudden un-loading the supply.
PARAM. SETTING NOT LOCKED	LOCKED OUT NOT LOCKED	Locks or unlocks parameter modifications.

STORE ENABLE MAIN PARAMETERS		Storing modified parameters
		To store selected parameters, press *Store* key.
		Note: Storing more than one parameter possible only when the TPS is not running.
		While TPS is running each parameter can be changed individually by pressing *Store* key after modifying the parameter.
		When parameters are correctly stored, the LCD will read:
		
		    DATA SAVED OK
		
		This concludes MAIN PARAMETER settings.
		Pressing Select key after DATA SAVED OK returns to the first display in this mode.
		Note:
		In case of a failure in parameter storing, the LCD displays:
		
		    STORAGE ERROR
		
		In this case Refer to section 8 – "TROUBLE SHOOTING" on page 39.

7.7.2   I/O Parameters – page 2

I/O PARAMETERS SETTINGS		
Display and default values	**Range**	**Description**
ANALOG IN TYPE 4 .. 20 mA	0 .. 10 V 0 ..20 mA 4 .. 20 mA	Sets TPS type of input control input. (Terminals 16-17) **0 . . 10V** is programmed when analogue input is 0 .. 10V or potentiometer option is installed. **0 . . 20mA** is programmed when analogue input is 0 .. 20mA. **4 . . 20mA** is programmed when analogue input is 4 .. 20mA. **Notes:** 1. Customer must set jumpers settings to set TPS hardware for programmed ANALOG IN TYPE. Refer to section 6.4 on page 20. 2. When using potentiometer option program ANALOG IN TYPE to 0 .. 10V. 3. Synchronized mode can not be implemented if one current analog input is connected to several TPS units in series.
ANALOG IN T. CONST 1.0 SEC.	0.0 SEC. – 10.0 SEC.	Sets TPS time constant. This parameter, together with FIRING METHOD (PC TO ZC in 1 .. 60 SEC – refer to section 7.7.1 page 28) is used to "soft start" the load. Refer to section 3.8.3 page 10 for more details.
AUX. IN TYPE REMOTE RESET	SYNC. AUTHORIZED KEY REMOTE RESET N.C. EXT. FAULT N.O. EXT. FAULT N.C. INTERLOCK N.O. INTERLOCK	Sets TPS AUX IN TYPE. (Terminal 5). **SYNC**. Is for future enhancement. **AUTHORIZED KEY** is programmed to prevent parameter modifications. **N.O./N.C. EXT. FAULT** is programmed when auxiliary fault signal is initiated to the TPS. **N.C./N.O. INTERLOCK** is programmed to interlock the TPS with auxiliary signals.
CONFIG OUT A RUN (IMMEDIATE)	KWH PULSE RELAY TRIPPING/ALARM TRIP-FAIL SAFE TRIP ALARM-FAIL SAFE ALARM RUN (IMMEDIATE)	Sets TPS functions of output relay A (Terminals 7, 8, 9) **KWH PULSE RELAY** is programmed when output pulse is needed for KWH metering. The rated KWH/pulse is programmed in KWH PER PULSE parameter. (See here after) **TRIPPING/ALARM** is programmed when this OUT RELAY is programmed as TRIPPING/ALARM. **TRIP-FAIL SAFE** is programmed when this OUT RELAY is programmed as TRIP-FAIL SAFE. **TRIP** is programmed when this OUT RELAY is programmed as TRIP. **ALARM-FAIL SAFE** is programmed when this OUT RELAY is programmed as ALARM-FAIL SAFE. **ALARM** is programmed when this OUT RELAY is programmed as ALARM. **RUN (IMMEDIATE)** is programmed when this OUT RELAY is programmed as RUN (IMMEDIATE) and closes when TPS is in RUN mode.
OUT A RELAY DLY 0.0 SEC.	0.0 SEC.-60.0 SEC.	Sets delay time for this OUT RELAY.

I/O PARAMETERS SETTINGS		
CONFIG OUT B ALARM-FAIL SAFE	Same as CONFIG OUT A – See above.	Sets TPS functions of output relay B (Terminals 10, 11, 12) Same as CONFIG OUT A – See above.
OUT B RELAY DLY 0.0 SEC.	0.0 SEC.-60.0 SEC.	Sets delay time for this OUT RELAY.
CONFIG OUT C TRIP	Same as CONFIG OUT A – See above.	Sets TPS functions of output relay C (Terminals 13, 14, 15) Same as CONFIG OUT A – See above.
OUT C RELAY DLY 0.0 SEC.	0.0 SEC.-60.0 SEC.	Sets delay time for this OUT RELAY.
KWH PER PULSE OFF	OFF, 1KWH - 100KWH	Sets KWH/Pulse for KWH metering. OUT A or OUT B or OUT C must be programmed to KWH PULSE RELAY in order that this function will be effective. (See above)
AN. OUT PARAMETER P, 0-100% OF Pn	P, 0-100% OF Pn I, 0-100% OF FLA. I1, 0-100% OF FLA. I2, 0-100% OF FLA. I3, 0-100% OF FLA. ANALOG INPUT	Sets TPS analogue output (optional). (Terminals out(+), out(-). Dip switches on the analogue output PCB allow selection between: 0-10VDC, 0-20mA, 4-20mA Refer to section 6.6 page 21 for dip switch settings. **P, 0-100% OF Pn** - is programmed when analogue output is related to Pn. **I, 0-100% OF FLA** - is programmed when analogue output is related to average I as a percentage of LOAD RATED CURRENT. **I1(I2, I3), 0-100% OF FLA** - is programmed when analogue output is related to I1 (I2, I3) as a percentage of LOAD RATED CURRENT. **ANALOG INPUT** - is programmed when analogue output is a reflection of analogue input.
STORE ENABLE I/O PARAMETERS		Same as STORE ENABLE MAIN PARAMETERS On page 29.

7.7.3 *Protection Parameters – page 3*

PROTECTION PARA. SETTINGS		
	Note: **The settings of the PROTECTION PARAMETERS listed below are related to the level and time delay of each protection parameter. The functionality of each protection must be programmed in the TRIPPING /ALARM OPTIONS. Refer to section 7.7.5 page 35.**	
Display and default values	**Range**	**Description**
UNDER CURRENT 0 % OF FLA	0 %-95%	Sets the value in % of "load rated current" below which the UNDER CURRENT protection is triggered. **Note**: When TPS is in ZERO CROSSING mode of operation, the measured current used for this function is the ON state current value.
U/C DELAY 10.0 SEC.	0.1 SEC.-60.0 SEC.	Sets the time delay for the UNDER CURRENT protection after current has reached the pre-set level.
OVER CURRENT 0 % OF FLA	50 %-150%	Set the value in % of load rated current above which the OVER CURRENT protection is triggered. **Notes**: 1. When TPS is in ZERO CROSSING mode of operation, the measured current used for this function is the ON state current value. 2. O/C includes also fast (< 60mS) O/C with fixed level of 180% TPS RATED CURRENT.
O/C DELAY 5.0 SEC.	0.1 SEC.-60.0 SEC.	Sets the time delay for the OVER CURRENT protection after current has reached the pre-set level.
UNBALANCE LVL 1 10% OF FLA	1%-100%	Sets the protection for unbalanced load conditions such as disconnected (failed) load resistor(s). This function is calculated according to : $(I_{max} – I_{min})/I * 100$. Where: **Imax** - is the maximum current measured in any phase **Imin** - is the minimum current measured in any phase. **I** – is the larger value of Load Rated Current or actual phase maximum phase current . **Notes**: When TPS is in ZERO CROSSING mode of operation, the measured current used for this function is the ON state current value. When WYE, NEUTRAL NOT CONNECTED (NC) applies set this protection to the lowest practical value and trip the TPS upon UNBALANCE or else load will damage.
U/B LVL 1 DELAY 10.0 SEC.	1.0 SEC.-60.0 SEC	Sets the time delay for the CURRENT UNBALANCE LEVEL 1 protection after current unbalance has reached the above set level.
UNBALANCE LVL 2 20% OF FLA	1%-100%	Same as UNBALANCE LVL 1.
U/B LVL 2 DELAY 5.0 SEC.	1.0 SEC.-60.0 SEC	Sets the time delay for the CURRENT UNBALANCE LEVEL 2 protection after current unbalance has reached

PROTECTION PARA. SETTINGS		
	Note: **The settings of the PROTECTION PARAMETERS listed below are related to the level and time delay of each protection parameter. The functionality of each protection must be programmed in the TRIPPING /ALARM OPTIONS. Refer to section 7.7.5 page 35.**	
Display and default values	**Range**	**Description**
		the pre-set level. **Note**: Set the parameter at a higher value than U/B LVL 1 time delay.
UNDER VOLTAGE 80 % OF Vn	50 %-95%	Sets the value in % of line rated voltage below which the UNDER VOLTAGE protection is triggered. Active during RUN conditions only.
U/V DELAY 5.0 SEC.	1.0 SEC.-60.0 SEC	Sets the time delay for the UNDER VOLTAGE protection after voltage has reached pre-set level.
OVER VOLTAGE 115 % OF Vn	100 %-120%	Sets the value in % of line rated voltage above which the OVER VOLTAGE protection is triggered.
O/V DELAY 1.0 SEC.	0.1 SEC.-60.0 SEC.	Sets the time delay for the OVER VOLTAGE protection after voltage has reached pre-set level
PHASE LOSS DELAY 2.0 SEC.	1.0 SEC.-60.0 SEC	Sets the time delay for the PHASE LOSS protection after phase loss has been detected.
GND FAULT LEVEL 10 % OF FLA	10 %-100%	Sets the GROUND FAULT protection level in % of the vector sum of the three phase current (zero sequence). **Note**: Not active when WYE NEUTRAL CON connection type is programmed.
GND FAULT DELAY 2.0 SEC.	1.0 SEC.-60.0 SEC	Sets the time delay for the GROUND FAULT protection after voltage has reached above set level
UNDER POWER LVL 0 % OF Pn	0 %-95%	Programmable value in % of load actual power below which the UNDER POWER protection is triggered. **Note**: When TPS is in ZERO CROSSING mode of operation, the measured power taken for this function is the ON State power X ON time/ (ON time+ OFF time).
UNDER POWER DLY 10.0 SEC.	5.0 SEC.-60.0 SEC	Sets the time delay for the UNDER POWER protection after power has reached above set level.
EXT. FAULT DELAY 5.0 SEC.	0.0 SEC.-60.0 SEC	Programmable time delay for EXTERNAL FAULT signal after control voltage has been applied to terminal 5 (AUX. IN) and NO or NC EXTERNAL FAULT has been programmed (Refer to section 7.7.2 page 30 for programming AUX. IN TYPE)
STORE ENABLE PROTECTION PARA.		Same as STORE ENABLE MAIN PARAMETERS On page 29.

7.7.4 **Load sheding parameters settings– page 4**

LOAD SHED. PARA. SETTINGS		
Display and default values	**Range**	**Description**
CURRENT LIMIT OFF		This function is for future enhancement.
MASTER/SLAVE OFF	MASTER SLAVE OFF	Program the TPS to work un a synchronization mode. Refer to section 3.9 page 11 for more details. **OFF** – Load Shedding feature is disabled. **SLAVE** – The TPS unit is controlled by another TPS unit programmed as MASTER. **MASTER** – The TPS unit controls a number (up to 9) of other TPS units **Note**: Synchronized mode can not be implemented if one current analog input is connected to several TPS units in series.
NO. OF SYNC UNITS 5	2-10	Programmable to the number of units to be connected together as one synchronized group. e.g. - Set to 4, when one master and three slaves are used. **Note**: When setting this parameter, take into consideration, the % of rated power, required for maintaining the temperature at the "steady state" condition. If, for example the required power is 25% of rated, then setting "no. of sync units" = 4 (1 master + 3 slaves), is reasonable.
SYNC. NUMBER 2	1-10	Programmable "Sync communication" address of each TPS unit. MASTER unit must be set to 1. TPSs programmed as SLAVE should be set for addresses 2 and up to 10.
STORE ENABLE LOAD SHED. PARA.		Same as STORE ENABLE MAIN PARAMETERS On page 29.

7.7.5 **Tripping/alarm prameters – page 5**

For easy viewing, tripping/alarm pages are not listed as in other pages but as a table.
Notes:
1. **All protections MUST be programmed in this page in order to be operative!!**
2. Each of the faults listed below can be programmed as DISABLED (-) or ENABLED (+)
3. The table below shows factory defaults.

FAULT	Trip	Alarm	Auto Reset	Panel Reset	Remote Reset	Output A	Output B	Output C
UNDER CURRENT	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-
OVER CURRENT	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-
UNBALANCE LVL 1*	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-
UNBALANCE LVL 2 *	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-
UNDER VOLTAGE	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-
OVER VOLTAGE	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-
PHASE LOSS	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-
GROUND FAULT	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-
UNDER POWER	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-
SHORTED SCR	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-
WRONG CONCT TYPE	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-
HEAT SINK OVER T.	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-
EXTERNAL FAULT	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-
COMM PORT FAILED	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-
INTERNAL FAILURE	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-

* For calculation method of UNBALANCE LVL1&2 refer to section 7.7.3 on page 32.

7.7.6 *Comm. Parameters – page 6*

COMM.PARAMETERS SETTINGS		
Display and default values	**Range**	**Description**
COMM. PROTOCOL MODBUS	MODBUS	Sets TPS communication PROTOCOL. Available only when Communication card is installed.
BAUD RATE 19200	1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200	Sets TPS BAUD RATE. Available only when Communication card is installed.
PARITY CHECK EVEN	EVEN, ODD	Sets TPS communication PARITY CHECK. Available only when Communication card is installed.
SERIAL LINK NO. 248 (OFF)	1 – 248 (off)	Sets TPS communication SERIAL LINK NO. Available only when Communication card is installed.
S.LINK PAR. SAVE DISABLE	ENABLE DISABLE	When set to DISABLE, it prevents parameter setting through serial link communication. When set to Enable, parameter setting through serial link is enabled.
SER.LINK CONTROL DISABLE	DISABLE ATART/STOP FULL	When DISABLE is selected control via serial link is not possible. When START/STOP is selected, a START, STOP and RESET commands can be initiated via the serial link. When FULL is selected, all commands as in START/STOP option can be initiated via the serial link and, in addition, the value of the analog input is taken from the serial link. **Note**: When FULL option is selected, the wired analog input (Terminals 16, 17 and 20) of the TPS is not active.
STORE ENABLE COMM. PARAMETERS		Same as STORE ENABLE MAIN PARAMETERS On page 29.

7.7.7   *Actual data – page 7*

ACTUAL DATA --****--	
Display	**Description**
Vp1 Vp2 Vp3 0 0 0 V	Displays system phase voltage. If no neutral in the system, a "virtual ground" is used for measuring phase voltage.
VL12 VL23 VL31 0 0 0 V	Displays system line voltage.
ANALOG INPUT 26%	Displays ANALOG INPUT rate.
ON I1 I2 I3 0 0 0 A	Displays currents of 3 phases. The current shown is when TPS is in "ON" during the "ON-OFF CYCLE T" in "ZERO CROSSING" MODE. This display (with "ON" shown on top left of the display) shown in "ZERO CROSSING" mode. In "PHASE CONTROL" mode the "ON" is not shown on the display.
GROUND CURRENT 0 AMP.	Display calculated GROUND CURRENT. **Notes**: Not active when WYE NEUTRAL CON is programmed. When TPS is in ZERO CROSSING mode of operation, the calculated current used for this function is the ON state current value.
FREQUENCY 50 Hz	Display measured system frequency.
POWER 0 KW	Display measured system power.
LOAD CURRENT 0 % OF FLA	Display measured current as a ratio of LOAD RATED CURRENT (FLA).
UNBALANCE CURR. 0 %	Display unbalance current as a ratio of .

7.7.8 *Statistical data – page 8*

STATISTICAL DATA - **** -	
Display and default values	**Description**
TOTAL RUN TIME 0 HOURS	Displays TOTAL RUN TIME of the TPS since last statistics reset..
TOTAL # OF TRIPS 0	Displays TOTAL # OF TRIPS since last statistics reset.
TOTAL ENERGY 0 KWH	Displays TOTAL ENERGY drawn by the TPS in KWH since last statistics reset.

7.7.9 *Fault data – page 9*

FAULT DATA - **** -	
Display and default values	**Description**
LAST TRIP NO DATA	Displays TPS LAST TRIP cause.
LAST ALARM NO DATA	Displays TPS LAST ALARM cause.
TRIP I1 I2 I3 0 0 0 A	Displays TPS I1, I2, I3 when LAST TRIP occurred.
TRIP GND CURRENT 0 AMP.	Displays TPS calculated GND CURRENT when LAST TRIP occurred.
TRIP Vp1 Vp2 Vp3 0 0 0 V	Displays TPS MEASURED PHASE VOLTAGE when LAST TRIP occurred.
LAST 10 TRIPS: NO DATA	Displays TPS last trips.
PREVIOUS TRIP -2 NO DATA . . . . PREVIOUS TRIP -9 NO DATA	

8.   **TROUBLE SHOOTING**

Upon fault – load stops, *Fault* LED lights and Fault Relay operates (as programmed). The LCD shows TRIP: and fault description. (for example: TRIP: UNDER CURRENT).

Fault Massage	Cause and trouble shooting
UNDER CURRENT	Trips/Alarms if UNDER CURRENT conditions exist. *For more information on adjusting UNDER CURRENT refer to section 7.7.5 on page 32*
OVER CURRENT	Trips/Alarms if TPS if UNDER CURRENT conditions exist. *For more information on adjusting OVER CURRENT refer to section 7.7.5 on page 32*
UNBALANCE LVL 1, UNBALANCE LVL 2	Trips/Alarms if UNBLANCE LEVELS exist. *This alarm can be used when symmetrical load is connected to alert faulty elements.* *In case of an a-symmetrical load disable this protection.* *Check load for faulty elements.* *For more information on adjusting UNBALANCE LVLs refer to section 7.7.5* *on page 32*
UNDER VOLTAGE, OVER VOLTAGE	Trips/Alarms if UNDER/OVER VOLTAGE conditions exist. *For more information on adjusting UNDER/OVER VOLTAGE levels refer to section 7.7.5 on page 32*
PHASE LOSS	Trips/Alarms when one phase is missing. When two/three phases are missing the UNDER VOLTAGE alarm will show. *Check connections to TPS.*
GROUND FAULT	Trips/Alarms when line currents measured are not summed to zero. This alarm does not function when using WYE NEUTRAL CONNECTED. *Check load for ground fault.* *__Note__: This alarm is very sensitive.* *Disable this protection in case of consecutive nuisance alarms.*
UNDER POWER	Trips/Alarms when power derived from mains is lower then power programmed to TPS. *This alarm can be used when an a-symmetrical load is connected to alert faulty elements.* *Check load for faulty elements.*

Fault Massage	Cause and trouble shooting
SHORTED SCR	Trips/Alarms when internal Thyristor is shorted. *Consult factory.*
WRONG CONCT TYPE	Trips/Alarms when TPS microprocessor sees a different connection type then the one programmed. *Check actual connection type and programmed connection type. For more information on programming CONNECTION TYPE refer to section 7.7.1 on page 28.*
HEATSINK OVER T.	Trips/Alarms when TPS thyristor heat sinks are over heated. Stop the unit and check for overload conditions and check right operation of fans.
EXTERNAL FAULT	Trips/Alarms when TPS gets an external input indicating a fault.
COMM PORT FAILED	Trips/Alarms when communication error occurs. *Check wiring, Reset the TPS and try again. If this failure happands again consult factory.*
INTERNAL FAILURE	Trips/Alarms when an internal failure is detected by the microprocessor. *Get factory defaults and reprogram the TPS. For more information on getting factory defaults and reprogramming the TPS refer to section 7.5.1 on page 24.*
No control via Analog Input	When the TPS is programmed to get its analog input via communication, wired analog inputs (Terminals 16, 17 and 20) are not operative. *Refer to COMM. PARAMETERS SETTINGS – SER. LINK CONTROL. For more information on setting the right parameters for the TPS operation regarding SERIAL LINK CONTROL, refer to section 7.7.6 on page 36.*
Output voltage/current does not go to zero even though analog input is lowest.	Output voltage/current does not go to zero even though analog input is lowest. *When load is connected in WYE NEUTRAL NOT CONNECTED or in LINE DELTA (both connections are without a neutral point) and TPS is in PHASE CONTROL it is impossible to go to zero output. Minimum possible firing for such case gives 10-20% of output voltage. This is since in this case the firing of each phase depends on the three phases mains and we cannot control each phase voltage down to zero. In this case, zero input in analog input causes the minimum possible voltage to appear in the output. Then, upon increasing the analog input voltage, output voltage/current is monotonically increased.*

8.1 Warranty Claim and Fault Report

Return Material Authorization Form-"RMA" - Fault Report – Non/ Warranty Claim
After Sales Service Department
E-mail:, tech.support@solcon.com   Tel. + 972 – 77-7711130, 972-77-7711123 Fax. + 972 – 77-7711140

Equipment Model:	
Equipment Serial no.:	

Report date			
Date of equipment sale		Date of installation	
Representing Firm			
Contact person			
Telephone number		Fax number	
Email address			

Application			
Starter Rating			
Motor current rating (motor Label)			
Number of starts per hour			
Special installation / ambient factors (°C)			
Type of Fault Reported & time of occurrence (during start, after start, during soft stop, end of soft stop, ON B.P. closing, when ...			
Last Start Period		Total Number Of Trips	
Last Start Max. I		Starter FLC	
Total Run Time		Motor FLC	
Total Number Of Starts		Initial Voltage	
Last Trip		Acceleration Time	
Trip Current		Current Limit	
Remarks			
By Distributor: We declare that product has been correctly applied, installed and operated, in accordance with Solcon's written instructions, appropriate codes, regulations and good practice, within the limits of rated capacity and normal usage.		Warranted repair/replacement Yes / No	

To be completed By Solcon Service Dept.

Return Material Authorization Number	
Date	
Authorized by	

After receiving RMA number from Technical Support Dept. please send equipment to the following address with enclosed copy of this blank:

Solcon Industries Ltd.

6, Hacarmel St. Yokneam Illit 20692, Israel

9. **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

1. General
1.1	Rated Current	8-1500A (to be specified in order)
1.2	Utilization Category	AC-51: 1,4 x Ie – 1 s, uninterrupted duty
1.3	Rated Voltage	120 - 1000VAC +10% -15% (to be specified in order)
1.4	Control Voltage	120 or 230VAC, 110VDC+10% -15% (to be specified in order)
1.5	Frequency	50 / 60 Hz
1.7	Controlled Phases	Three
1.8	Short-circuit Current	25kA for TPS 1000V models, type 2 coordination when equipped with fuses listed on

section 4.5.1 page 15.

1.9	Form Designation	Form 4
1.10	Rated Insulation Voltage	690V (120-690V mains models), 1000V (1000V mains models), 250V (control

circuits)

1.11	Rated Impulse withstand	6kV (Mains), 2.5kV (control)
1.12	Degree of Protection	IP00
1.13	Pollution Degree	3
1.14	Ambient. Temp.	-10 – + 50°C (operating), -20 – + 70°C (storage)
	Altitude	To 1000 m ASL W/O de-rating
1.15	Cooling	Forced air (fans)
1.16	Number of CT's	Three
1.17	Connection Modes	Wye - Neutral connected / not connected
		Line Delta, Inside delta, number of parallel branches each connection type

2. Control
2.1	Control Method	Digital
2.2	Firing Method	Zero crossing, Phase control, Phase control-power
2.3	On-Off Time Cycle	1000 – 10000 mSec. (Programmable)
2.4	Analog Input	Floating inputs 0-10V >100KΩ / 4-20 mA, 0-20mA <100Ω , Potentiometer input

(programmable +int. jumper) with programmable time constant exponential response.

2.5	Control Inputs	Start/Stop (with internal 0-60 sec time delays),Aux. contact (Programmable)
2.6	Output Relays	3 programmable (1-C/O) (8A/250VAC)
	Rated load:	8A/250 VAC (VDE, UL, cUL); 8A/24VDC (UL, cUL).
	Maximum breaking capacity AC:	2000 VA
	Max. DC Load Breaking Capacity:	8A at 30VDC.

2.7	Synchronization (optional)	One master and 2-9 connected slaves

3.EMC Requirement
3.1   EMC requirements referred in IEC 60947-4-3 are only met when FIRING METHOD is set to PC TO ZC IN 1 SEC and in ZERO CROSSING.
Refer to section 7.7.1 page 28, parameter: FIRING METHOD.
3.2   External surge arresters should be applied to terminals 16-20 inputs to meet EMC requirements.

4.Main, Protection & I/O parameters (see parameters settings)

5. LEDs
Power ON (Green), Stop (Red), Run (Green), Alarm (Yellow), Trip (Red), Sync. (Green)

6. LCD Display
Local on Front panel, 2 lines 16 characters each.

7.Communication - RS-485 (Optional)

8. Fan and TPS Consumption Ratings:
TPS 8-31A -	21W
TPS 44-72A -	36W
TPS 85-105A -	26W
TPS 145-170A -	35 W
TPS 210-460A -	64W
TPS 580-820A -	100W
TPS 55-200A 1000V -	40W

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